

AP WORLD HISTORY: Guided Reading
PART ONE: The Early Complex Societies, 3500 to 500 B.C..E
Chapter 2: Early Societies in Southwest Asia & the Indo-European Migrations

1. Fill in the following SPICE charts (You may use bullet points)

	<i>Sumer</i>	<i>Akkadians</i>	<i>Babylonians</i>
<p><u>Social Structures</u> Gender roles and relations Family and kinship Racial and ethnic constructions Social and economic classes</p>			
<p><u>(Political)State-Building, Expansion and Conflict</u> Political structures and forms of governance Empires Nations and nationalism Revolts and revolutions Regional, transregional, and global structures and organizations</p>			
<p><u>Interaction Between Humans and the Environment</u> Demography and disease Migration Patterns of settlement Technology</p>			
<p><u>Cultures</u> Religions, Belief systems, philosophies and ideologies Science and technology The arts and architecture Writing Education</p>			
<p><u>Economic Systems</u> Agricultural and pastoral production Trade and commerce Labor systems Industrialization Capitalism and socialism</p>			

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Fill in the following SPICE chart (You may use bullet points)

	<i>Assyrians</i>	<i>Phoenicians</i>	<i>Indo-Europeans</i>
<p><u>Social Structures</u> Gender roles and relations Family and kinship Racial and ethnic constructions Social and economic classes</p>			
<p><u>(Political)State-Building, Expansion and Conflict</u> Political structures and forms of governance Empires Nations and nationalism Revolts and revolutions Regional, transregional, and global structures and organizations</p>			
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THE COURSE OF EMPIRE

2. Who is Sargon od Akkad?

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3. Explain his career.
4. Why did the cities of Mesopotamia resent Sargon of Akkad's visits?
 - a)
 - b)
5. Why did Sargon's empire fall?
6. Who is the Babylonian Hammurabi?
7. From where did Hammurabi rule?
8. Hammurabi proclaimed that the gods had chosen him "to promote the welfare of the people....". These laws established high standards of behavior and stern punishment.
 - a) What did civil laws regulate?
 - b) Do you consider the Laws and punishments fair? Why or Why not? Give specific examples.
 - c) What does lex talionis mean?
 - d) Why did the Babylonian Empire fall?
9. Where did the Assyrians build their flourishing cities?
10. How was the Assyrian military setup?

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Assyrians used recently invented iron weapons to strengthen their army.

11. Who was King Assurbanipal?

12. why did the Assyrian Empire fall

13. Who is Nebuchadnezzar? What is he well known for?

THE FORMATION OF A COMPLEX SOCIETY & SOPHISTICATED CULTURAL TRADITIONS

14. What did Mesopotamians do to improve the use of copper?

15. What was this invention?

16. How did this invention impact the military and agriculture?

17. After about 1000BCE Mesopotamian craftsmen began to manufacture effective tools and weapons with iron as well as bronze. Why was Iron a better choice?

18. When did the first use of the wheel take place?

19. What vessel did the Sumerians use to trade?

20. Where did they trade?

21. What did they trade?

Export -

Import -

22. Who is Gilgamesh?

23. What was the social structure in Mesopotamia?

24. What sources did slaves come from?

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25. Under Hammurabi's law, how were women punished if they committed adultery.
26. What the roles of woman in Mesopotamian societies?

THE BROADER INFLUENCE OF MESOPOTAMIAN SOCIETY

27. The Earliest Hebrews were pastoral nomads who inhabited the land between Mesopotamia and Egypt. What were some of the similarities between the Sumerians and the Hebrews.

28. The Hebrews were monotheistic. What are the characteristics of their god?

29. Answer parts A, B & C

a) Identify and explain ONE way in which the development of writing fostered change in the societies of Mesopotamia.

b) Identify ONE effect that the development of legal codes provides continuity in the societies of Mesopotamia.

c) Explain ONE way in which trade affected the process of state-building in the societies of Mesopotamia.

30. Use the map on page 32 and your knowledge of World History to answer parts A, B & C.

a) Explain ONE factor that led to the rise of multiple, competing empires in Mesopotamia over the course of ancient history.

b) Identify ONE effect that the development of cities had upon the course of society in Mesopotamia.

c) Provide ONE piece of historical evidence to support your answer in part B